out. These bonds can only be issued until the end of 2010 and I urge communities to take advantage of this landmark program. Although there is no limit on the number or amount of bonds that can be issued, the clock is ticking and the end of 2010 will be here before you know it.

I am not surprised that Build America Bonds are reinventing the municipal bond market. They are a good deal for investors and our communities. They have freed up financing for badly needed infrastructure construction, and ensured long-term economic growth.

I would also like to highlight the Recovery Zone Build America Bonds program. Recovery Zone Bonds are much like Build America Bonds but are designed to help communities most adversely affected by the recent recession.

These highly targeted bonds offer an even more generous subsidy of 45 percent of the interest to investors. Treasury allocates these bonds based on employment declines in 2008. So, the harder an area is hit, the more Recovery Zone Bonds it can issue, creating jobs where they are needed most.

In some cases, these bonds will make the difference between whether these projects come to fruition or not. In other cases, they will lower the cost of projects and allow the community to reinvest those savings in other projects.

As with Build America Bonds, Recovery Zone Bonds will only be issued until the end of 2010. That is why I am encouraging communities facing high unemployment to take advantage of the billions of dollars available in Recovery Zone Bonds.

I also encourage my colleagues in Congress to begin working now to continue the success of Build America Bonds. As Congress struggles to find funding for a new transportation bill, innovative approaches like Build America Bonds should be part of the solution.

The Build America and Recovery Zone Bond programs are working. They are providing much needed jobs to folks in our communities while strengthening essential infrastructure. They have given investors a profitable opportunity to invest in America. They are giving our children better schools, building energy efficient power grids, providing cleaner water and better roads. In short, they work.

Build America Bonds are examples of how Congress can innovate creative solutions to rebuild our country and our economy. I urge my colleagues and our constituents to use them.

ANNE SLAUGHTER ANDREW

Mr. BAYH. Mr. President, I thank you very much for allowing me to express my support for Anne Slaughter Andrew.

The strong relationship between the United States and Costa Rica is one of

mutual respect, shared democratic principles, and a commitment to protecting Costa Rica's abundant natural resources. Costa Rica is a worldwide leader in green energy and sustainability—it currently generates more than 90 percent of its electricity from sustainable sources and has committed to being carbon neutral by 2021.

In recommending my fellow Hoosier, Ms. Andrew, I have the benefit of being able to speak from personal experience. When I was Governor of Indiana, I appointed her to the Indiana Natural Resources Council, an organization which engages in the conservation of Indiana's natural resources and park lands. That is one of many positions in Ms. Andrew's professional life that demonstrates her strong commitment to environmental conservation and clean energy initiatives.

Although Costa Rica covers only 0.01 percent of the Earth's landmass, it is home to approximately 5 percent of the Earth's biodiversity. The United States is committed to protecting this biodiversity through conservation efforts that contribute to the stabilization of Costa Rica's economy.

Ms. Andrew's leadership and involvement with The Nature Conservatory, TNC, in multiple capacities, including as a member of the President's Advisory Council, has spanned a decade and is a strong testament to her unwavering commitment to the preservation of Costa Rica's—and our planet's—natural resources

Her most recent endeavor as principal of New Energy Nexus has placed her at the cutting edge of the clean energy economy. These combined experiences render her uniquely qualified to represent the United States as it looks to strengthen partnerships with Costa Rica in the field of green energy initiatives. Her service also includes founding and directing Anson Group LLC, a biotech consulting company that she co-led towards sustained growth and national recognition.

The post of Ambassador to Costa Rica carries with it the significant responsibility of managing the diplomatic personnel in country and overseeing the safety of the estimated 1 million Americans who visit Costa Rica each year and the thousands of Americans who live there full time. In her career, Ms. Andrew has demonstrated herself to be a skilled manager who is highly capable of undertaking this responsibility.

I have confidence that Ms. Andrew, if confirmed, will uphold our country's strong relations with Costa Rica.

WORLD AIDS AWARENESS DAY

Mr. BURRIS. Mr. President, today is World AIDS Awareness Day. We dedicate this day to educating Americans and citizens all over the world about the HIV/AIDS epidemic, and promoting awareness and prevention of this disease.

Despite advances in medical technology and treatment options, racial

and ethnic minorities and young gay men continue to suffer in disproportionate numbers. African Americans account for 12 percent of the U.S. population, but make up almost half of the 1 million Americans living with HIV/AIDS. Black youth and young adults between the ages of 13 to 24 make up 55 percent of all reported HIV infections. Also, Black women account for almost 70 percent of all new female AIDS cases. It is also the main cause of death for both Black men and women between the ages of 25 to 44.

We continue to make considerable progress in caring for citizens with HIV/AIDS and in raising awareness, but today I call upon my colleagues to join me in demanding that we do even more. I was proud to support the expansion of the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Treatment Program in the Senate, a bill which President Obama recently signed into law. This important piece of legislation makes investments in care and treatment services, and also funds prevention and outreach programs—programs that will be improved and augmented by the sweeping health care reforms currently under consideration by the Senate. As we move forward, I will continue to work to promote awareness, education, and prevention of HIV/AIDS, and will be an ardent supporter of programs that care for those afflicted by this disease.

World AIDS Awareness Day is a chance for citizens of the United States and people all over the world to get proactively involved by getting educated, and by promoting treatment and testing of HIV/AIDS. Together, we can beat this disease.

EXECUTIVE REPORT OF COMMITTEE—TREATY

The following executive report of committee was submitted:

By Mr. KERRY, from the Committee on Foreign Relations:

[Treaty Doc. 111-4: Protocol Amending Tax Convention with France with 1 declaration and 1 condition (Ex. Rept. 111-1)]

The text of the committee-recommended resolution of advice and consent to ratification is as follows:

VIII. RESOLUTION OF ADVICE AND CONSENT TO RATIFICATION

Resolved (two-thirds of the Senators present concurring therein),

Section 1. Senate Advice and Consent subject to a declaration and a condition.

The Senate advises and consents to the ratification of the Protocol Amending the Convention between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the French Republic for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income and Capital, signed at Paris on August 31, 1994, as Amended by the Protocol signed on December 8, 2004, signed on January 13, 2009, at Paris, together with a related Memorandum of Understanding, signed January 13, 2009 (the "Protocol") (Treaty Doc. 111-4), subject to the declaration of section 2 and the condition of section 3.

Section 2. Declaration. The advice and consent of the Senate under section 1 is subject to the following declaration:

The Protocol is self-executing.

Section 3. Condition. The advice and consent of the Senate under section 1 is subject to the following condition:

to the following condition:

1. Not later than two years from the date on which this Protocol enters into force and prior to the first arbitration conducted pursuant to the binding arbitration mechanism provided for in this Protocol, the Secretary of Treasury shall transmit the text of the rules of procedure applicable to arbitration panels, including conflict of interest rules to be applied to members of the arbitration panel, to the committees on Finance and Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Joint Committee on Taxation.

2. Sixty days after a determination has been reached by an arbitration panel in the tenth arbitration proceeding conducted pursuant to this Protocol, the 2006 Protocol Amending the Convention between the United States of America and the Federal Republic of Germany for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income and Capital and to Certain Other Taxes (the "2006 German Protocol") (Treaty Doc. 109-20), the Convention between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Kingdom of Belgium for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Income, and accompanying protocol (the "Belgium Convention") (Treaty Doc. 110-3), or the Protocol Amending the Convention between the United States of America and Canada with Respect to Taxes on Income and on Capital (the "2007 Canada Protocol") (Treaty Doc. 110-15), the Secretary of Treasury shall prepare and submit a detailed report to the Joint Committee on Taxation and the Committee on Finance of the Senate, subject to law relating to taxpayer confidentiality, regarding the operation and application of the arbitration mechanism contained in the aforementioned treaties. The report shall include the following information:

I. The aggregate number, for each treaty, of cases pending on the respective dates of entry into force of this Protocol, the 2006 German Protocol, the Belgium Convention, and the 2007 Canada Protocol, along with the following additional information regarding these cases:

a. The number of such cases by treaty article(s) at issue;

b. The number of such cases that have been resolved by the competent authorities through a mutual agreement as of the date of the report; and

c. The number of such cases for which arbitration proceedings have commenced as of the date of the report.

II. A list of every case presented to the competent authorities after the entry into force of this Protocol, the 2006 German Protocol, the Belgium Convention, and the 2007 Canada Protocol, with the following information regarding each case:

a. The commencement date of the case for purposes of determining when arbitration is available:

b. Whether the adjustment triggering the case, if any, was made by the United States or the relevant treaty partner:

c. Which treaty the case relates to;

d. The treaty article(s) at issue in the case; e. The date the case was resolved by the competent authorities through a mutual

agreement, if so resolved;
f. The date on which an arbitration proceeding commenced, if an arbitration pro-

ceeding commenced; and

g. The date on which a determination was reached by the arbitration panel, if a determination was reached, and an indication as to whether the panel found in favor of the United States or the relevant treaty partner.

III. With respect to each dispute submitted to arbitration and for which a determination was reached by the arbitration panel pursuant to this Protocol, the 2006 German Protocol, the Belgium Convention, and the 2007 Canada Protocol, the following information shall be included:

a. In the case of a dispute submitted under this Protocol, an indication as to whether the presenter of the case to the competent authority of a Contracting State submitted a Position Paper for consideration by the arbitration panel;

b. An indication as to whether the determination of the arbitration panel was accepted by each concerned person;

c. The amount of income, expense, or taxation at issue in the case as determined by reference to the fillings that were sufficient to set the commencement date of the case for purposes of determining when arbitration is available; and

d. The proposed resolutions (income, expense, or taxation) submitted by each competent authority to the arbitration panel.

3. The Secretary of Treasury shall, in addition, prepare and submit the detailed report described in paragraph (2) on March 1 of the year following the year in which the first report is submitted to the Joint Committee on Taxation and the Committee on Finance of the Senate, and on an annual basis thereafter for a period of five years. In each such report, disputes that were resolved, either by a mutual agreement between the relevant competent authorities or by a determination of an arbitration panel, and noted as such in prior reports may be omitted.

4. The reporting requirements referred to in paragraphs (2) and (3) supersede the reporting requirements contained in paragraphs (2) and (3) of Section 3 of the resolution of advice and consent to the 2007 Canada Protocol, approved by the Senate on September 23, 2008.

EXECUTIVE REPORT OF COMMITTEE

The following executive report of a nomination was submitted:

By Mr. LIEBERMAN for the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs.

*Alan C. Kessler, of Pennsylvania, to be a Governor of the United States Postal Service for a term expiring December 8, 2015.

*Nomination was reported with recommendation that it be confirmed subject to the nominee's commitment to respond to requests to appear and testify before any duly constituted committee of the Senate.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. LAUTENBERG (for himself, Mr. Schumer, Mr. Levin, Mr. Reed, Mrs. Feinstein, and Mr. Whitehouse):

S. 2820. A bill to prevent the destruction of terrorist and criminal national instant criminal background check system records; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BROWN (for himself, Mr. Feingold, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Dorgan, Mr. Casey, Mr. Sanders, and Mr. Merkley):

S. 2821. A bill to require a review of existing trade agreements and renegotiation of

existing trade agreements based on the review, to establish terms for future trade agreements, to express the sense of the Congress that the role of Congress in making trade policy should be strengthened, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance

By Ms. SNOWE (for herself and Ms. LANDRIEU):

S. 2822. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide additional tax relief for small businesses, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

SUBMISSION OF CONCURRENT AND SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following concurrent resolutions and Senate resolutions were read, and referred (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mrs. BOXER:

S. Res. 365. A resolution recognizing the 50th anniversary of the signing of the Antarctic Treaty; considered and agreed to.

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 229

At the request of Mrs. BOXER, the name of the Senator from Michigan (Ms. STABENOW) was added as a cosponsor of S. 229, a bill to empower women in Afghanistan, and for other purposes.

S. 584

At the request of Mr. Harkin, the name of the Senator from New York (Mrs. Gillibrand) was added as a cosponsor of S. 584, a bill to ensure that all users of the transportation system, including pedestrians, bicyclists, transit users, children, older individuals, and individuals with disabilities, are able to travel safely and conveniently on and across federally funded streets and highways.

S. 970

At the request of Ms. Landrieu, the name of the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. Casey) was added as a cosponsor of S. 970, a bill to promote and enhance the operation of local building code enforcement administration across the country by establishing a competitive Federal matching grant program.

S. 1067

At the request of Mr. Feingold, the name of the Senator from Minnesota (Mr. Franken) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1067, a bill to support stabilization and lasting peace in northern Uganda and areas affected by the Lord's Resistance Army through development of a regional strategy to support multilateral efforts to successfully protect civilians and eliminate the threat posed by the Lord's Resistance Army and to authorize funds for humanitarian relief and reconstruction, reconciliation, and transitional justice, and for other purposes.

S. 1090

At the request of Mr. WYDEN, the name of the Senator from Idaho (Mr. CRAPO) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1090, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax credit parity for electricity produced from renewable resources.